

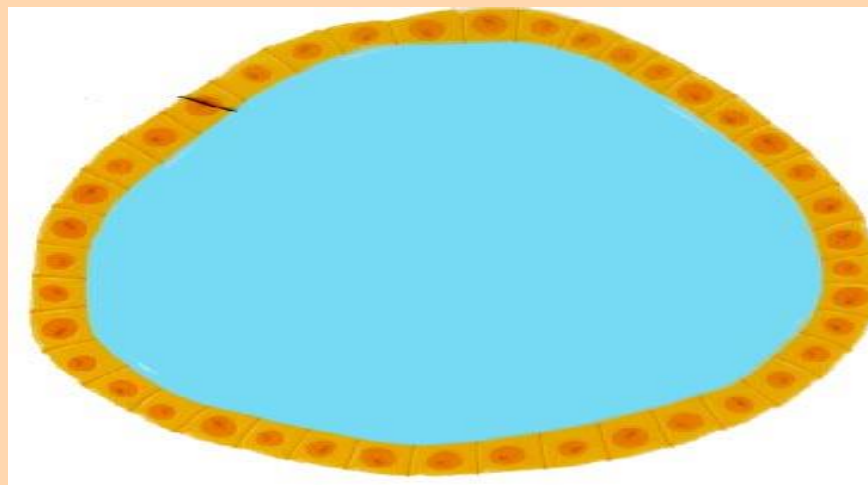
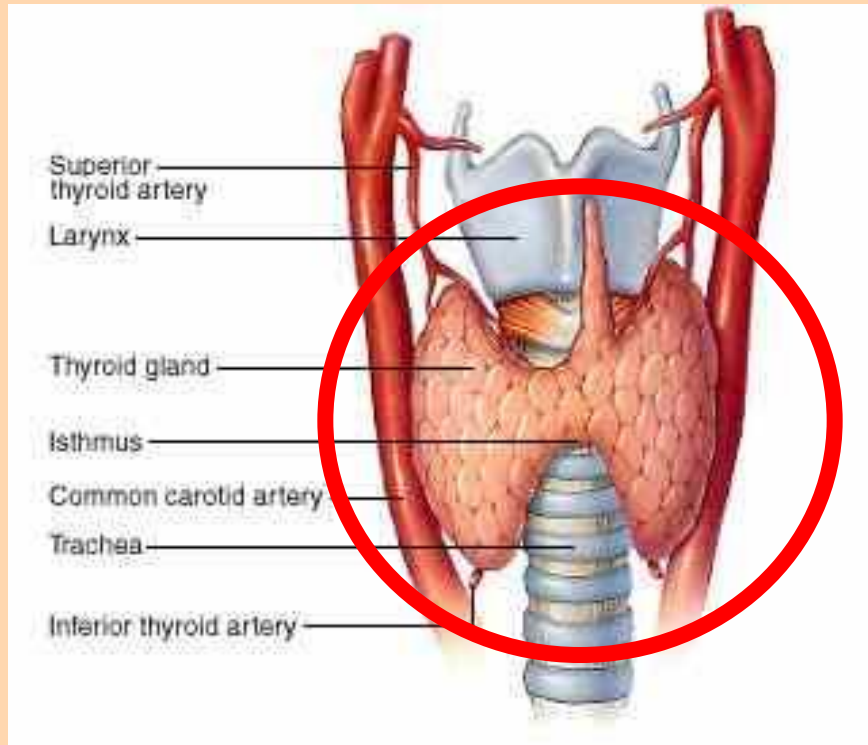
“Diagnostisk nød”

Thyroidea og webreqprofiler

Esther A. Jensen

Overlæge, KBA, NOH

Thyroid, Anatomy

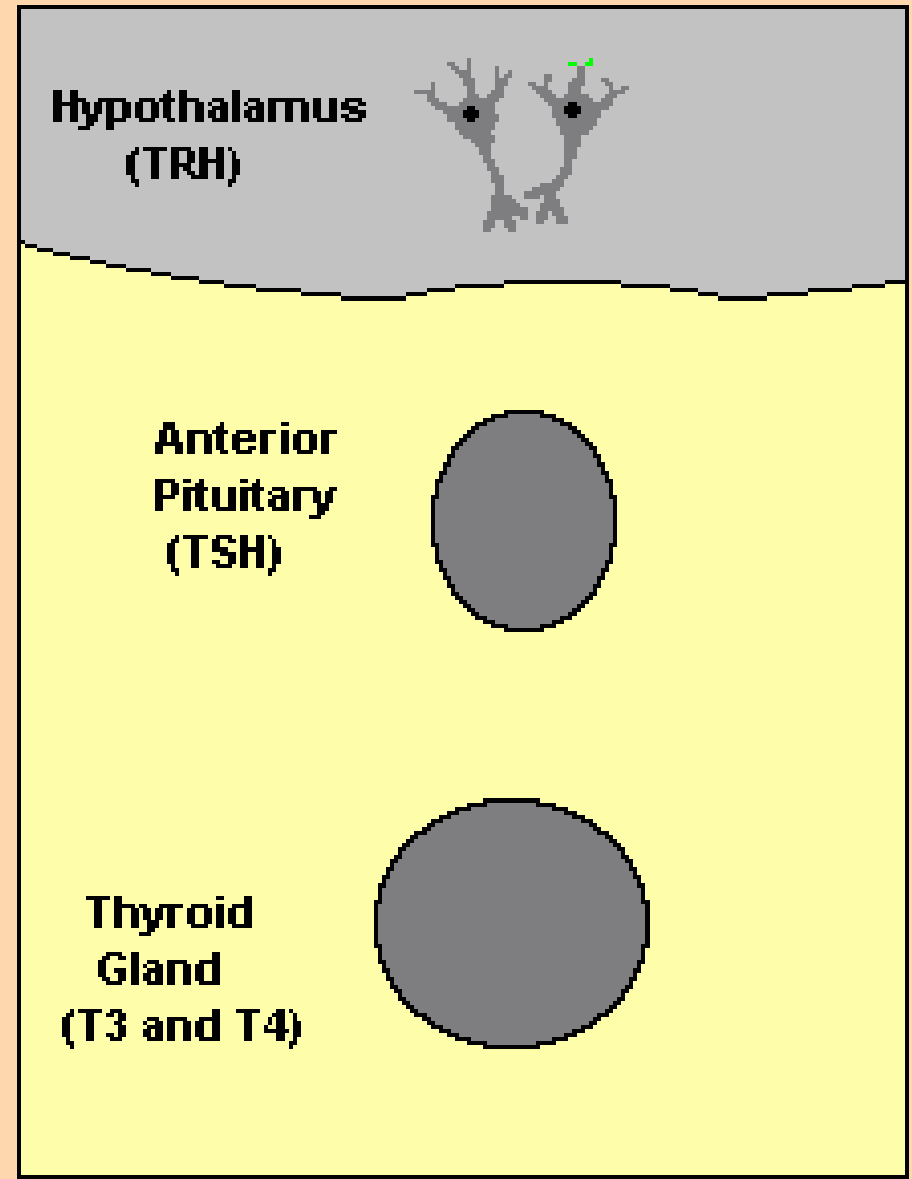


Incidence of endocrine disease
new cases per million / year (DK)

- Diabetes mellitus, type 2 1500
- **Hyperthyroidism** 460 ♀ + 80 ♂
- **Hypothyroidism** 200 ♀ + 40 ♂
- Diabetes mellitus, type 1 150
- Hyperparathyroidism 100
- Hypoparathyroidism 10
- Akromegali, Mb. Cushing 4
- Phaeochromocytomas, < 4
- Mb Addison, < 4
- Diabetes insipidus, < 4
- Vasopressinhypersekretion, < 4
- Panhypopituitarisme < 4

Normal thyroid function

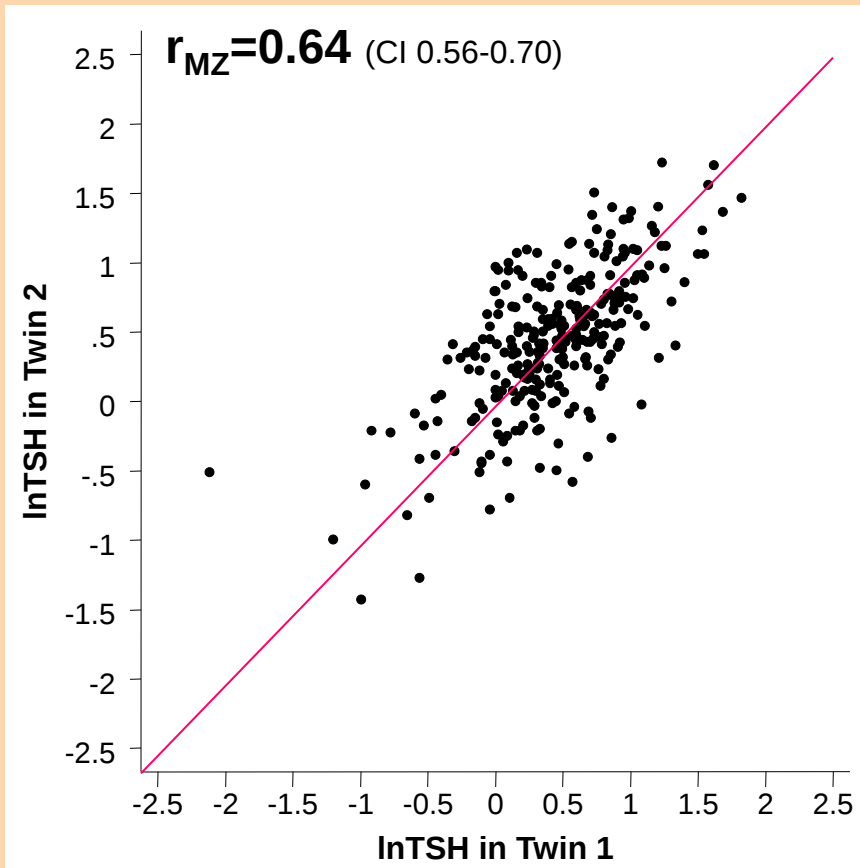
- Hypothalamus
producerer Thyrotropin
Releasing Hormone
(TRH)
- Hypofyseforlappen
Thyrotropin (TSH)
- Thyroidea
T3 and T4 hormones



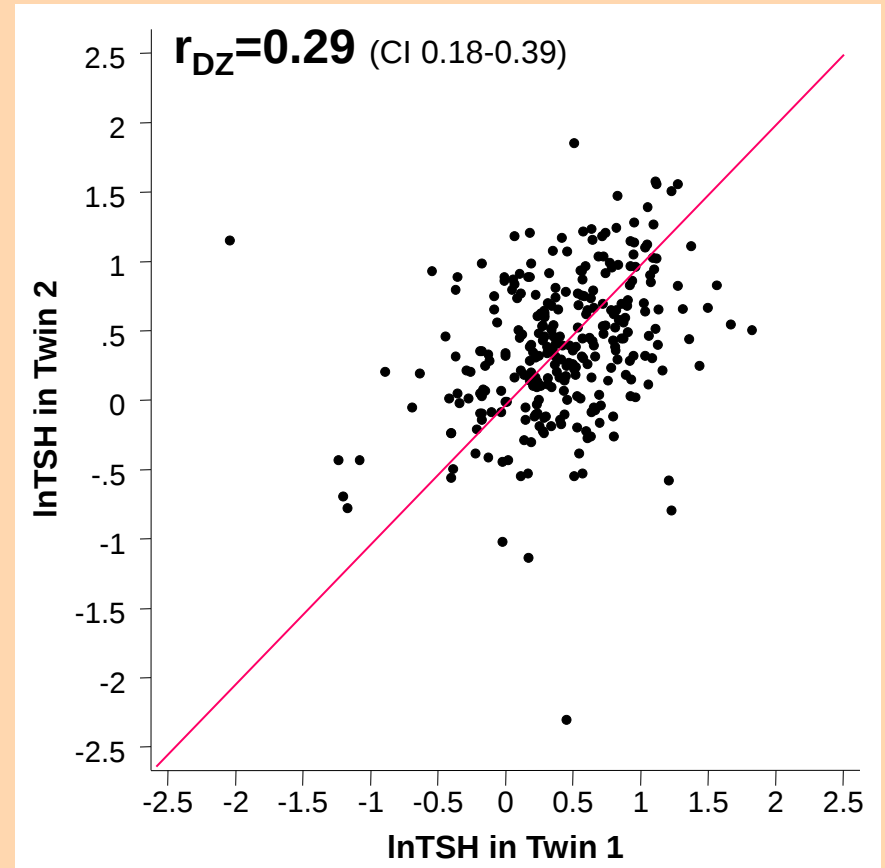
Tight genetic regulation of thyroid function (TSH)

ln TSH

MZ
n=284 pairs



DZ
n=285 pairs

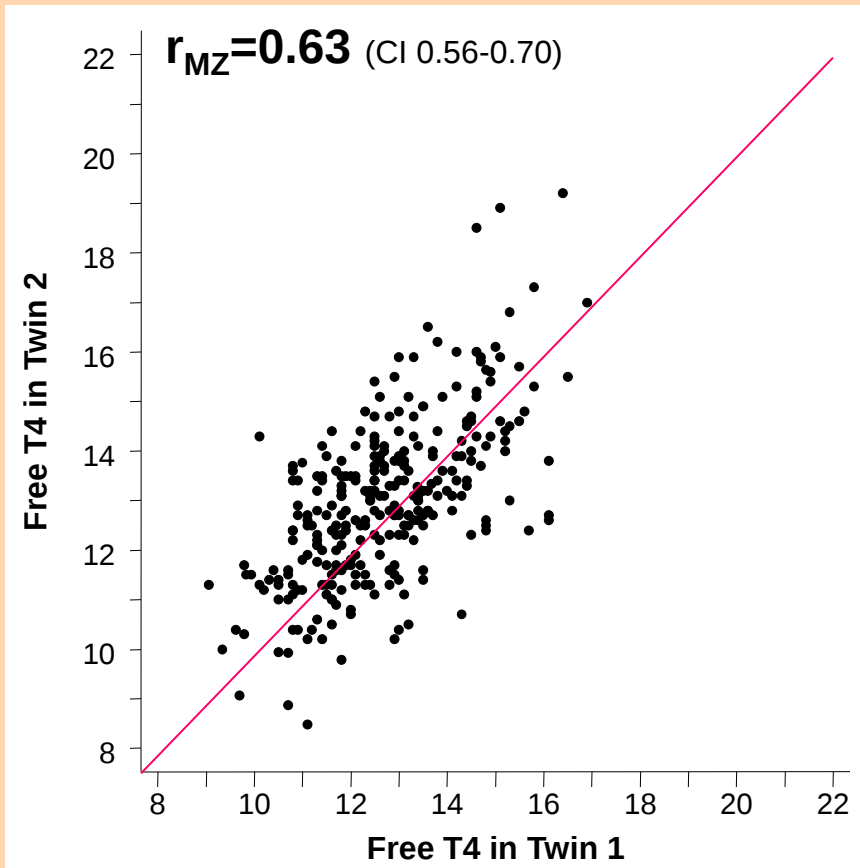


p-value<0.00005

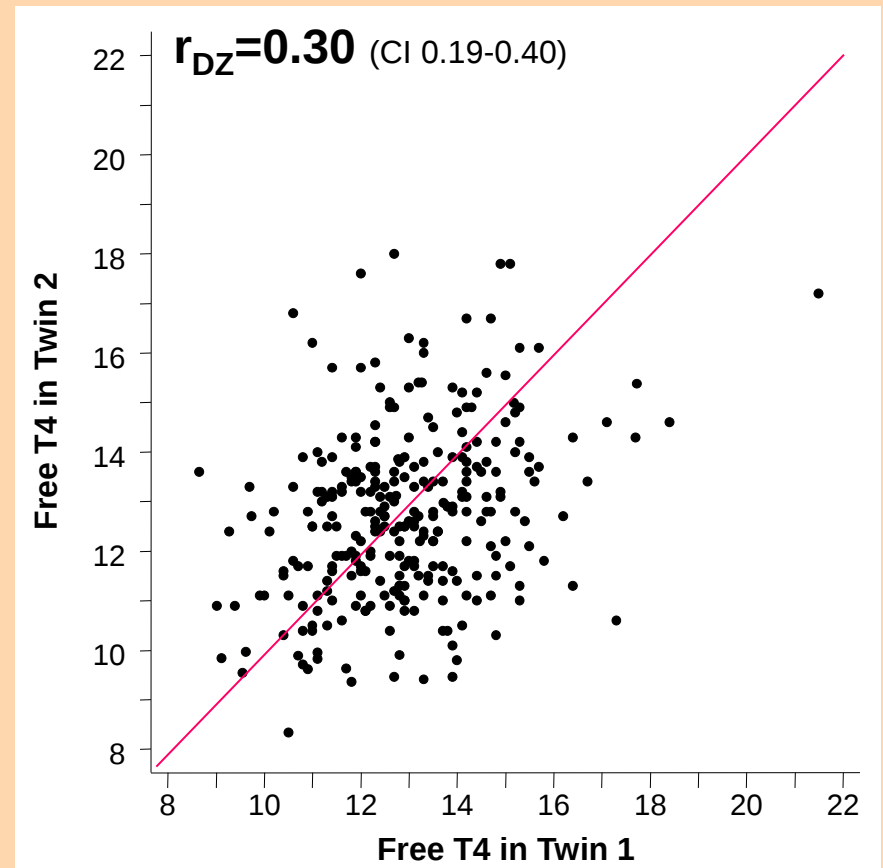
Tight genetic regulation of thyroid function (FreeT4)

Free T4

MZ
n=284 pairs

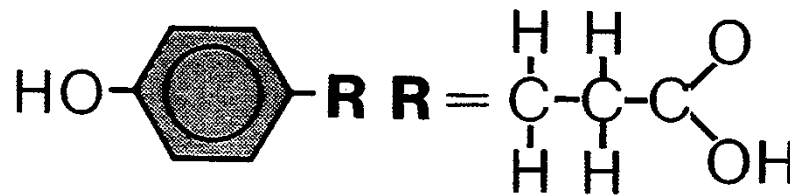


DZ
n=285 pairs

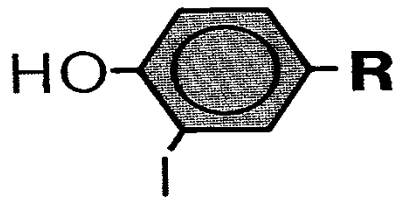


p-value<0.00005

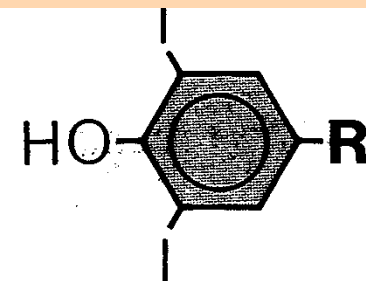
Thyronine's road to a hormone



tyrosine

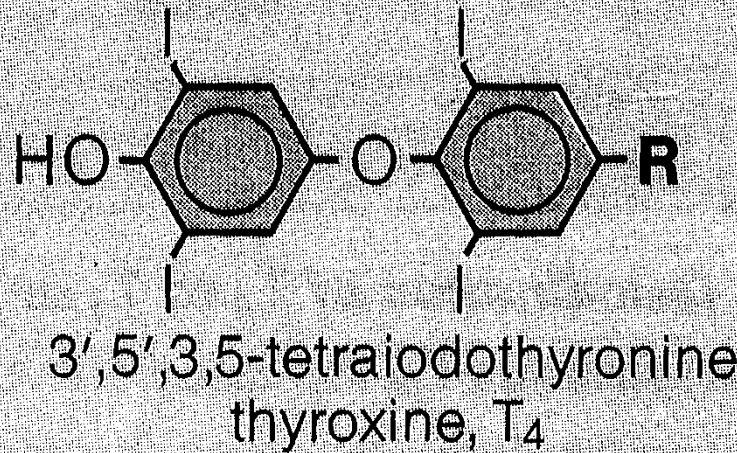


3-iodotyrosine
MIT

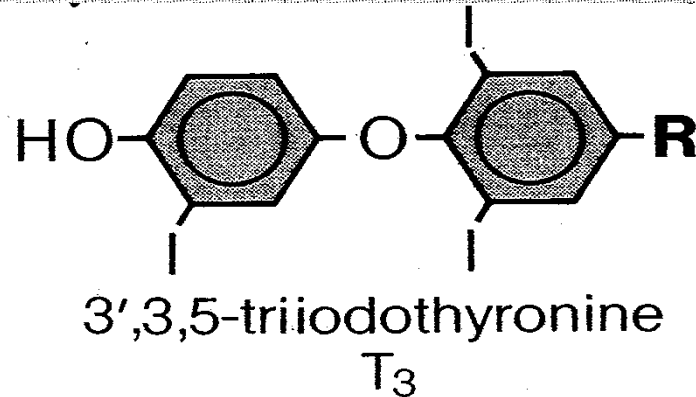


3,5-diiodotyrosine
DIT

T4 and T3

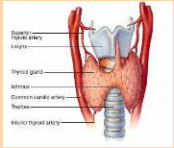


T_{1/2} ~ 7 days

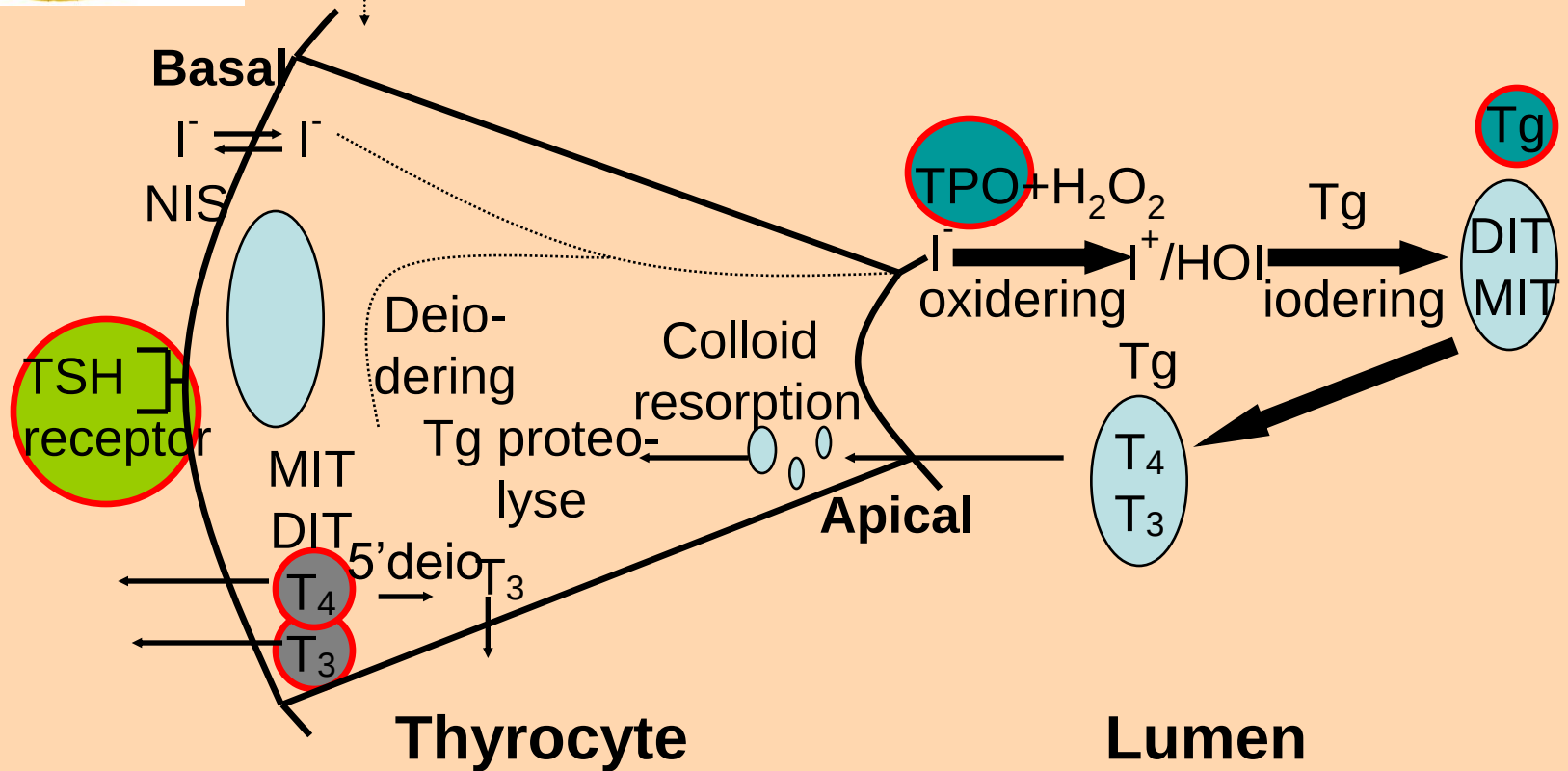
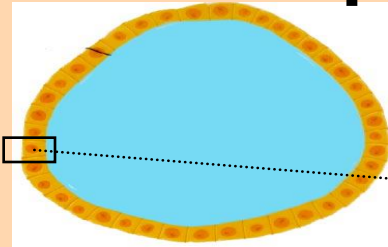


T_{1/2} ~ 1 day

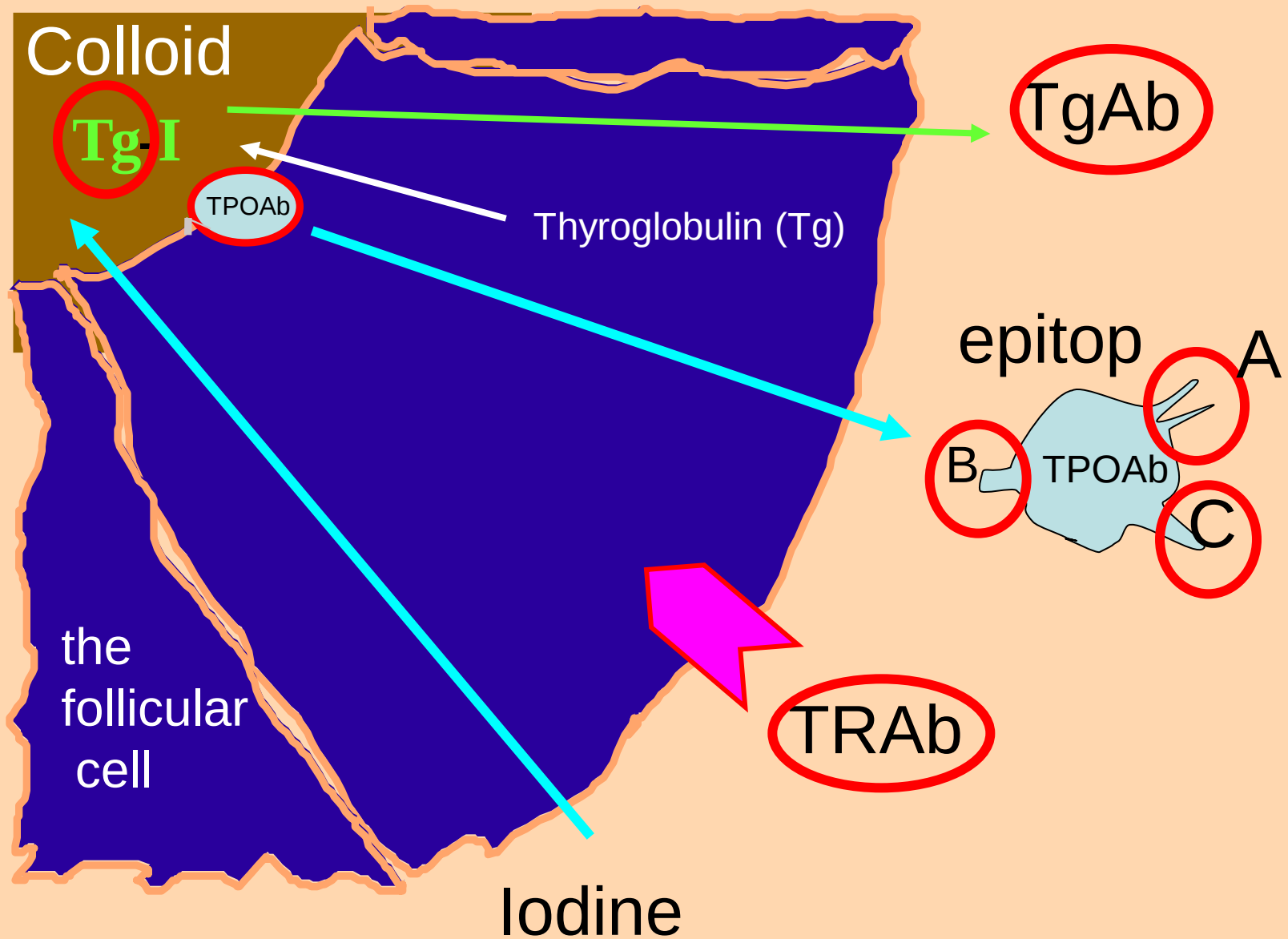
NB! Routine laboratory methods do not measure reverse T3



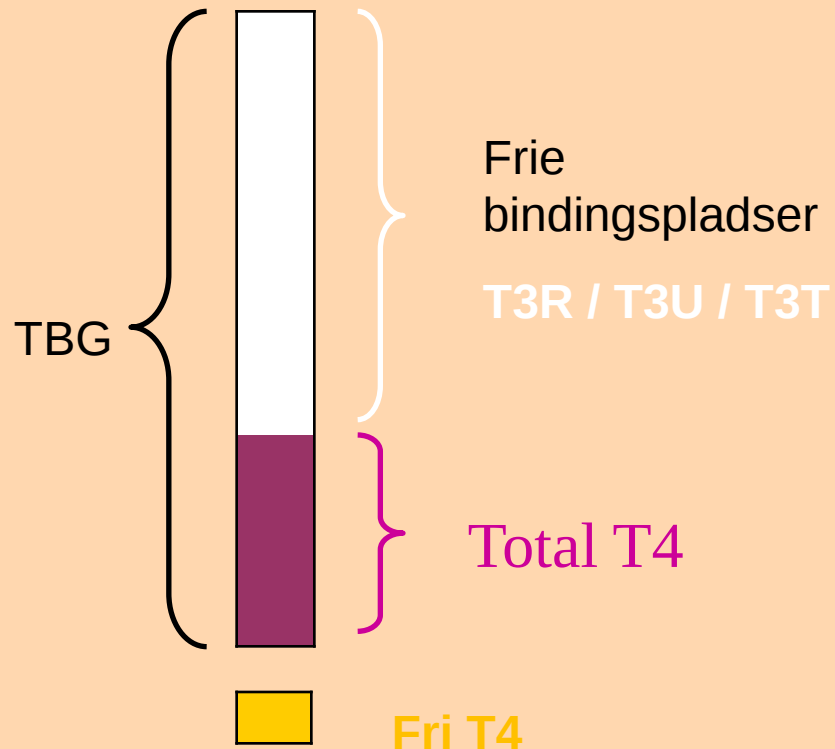
Thyroidea hormon syntese



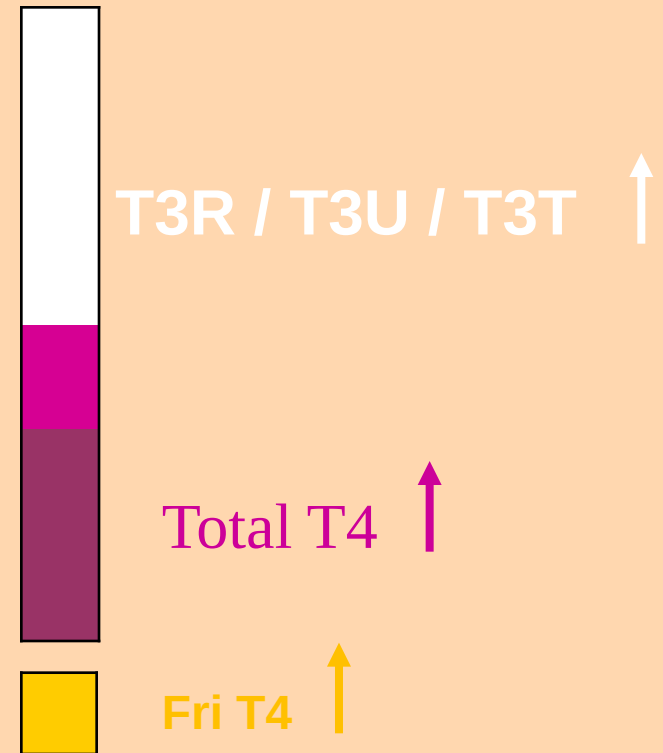
Thyroidea autoantistoffer



TBG, TT4, fT4, T3R

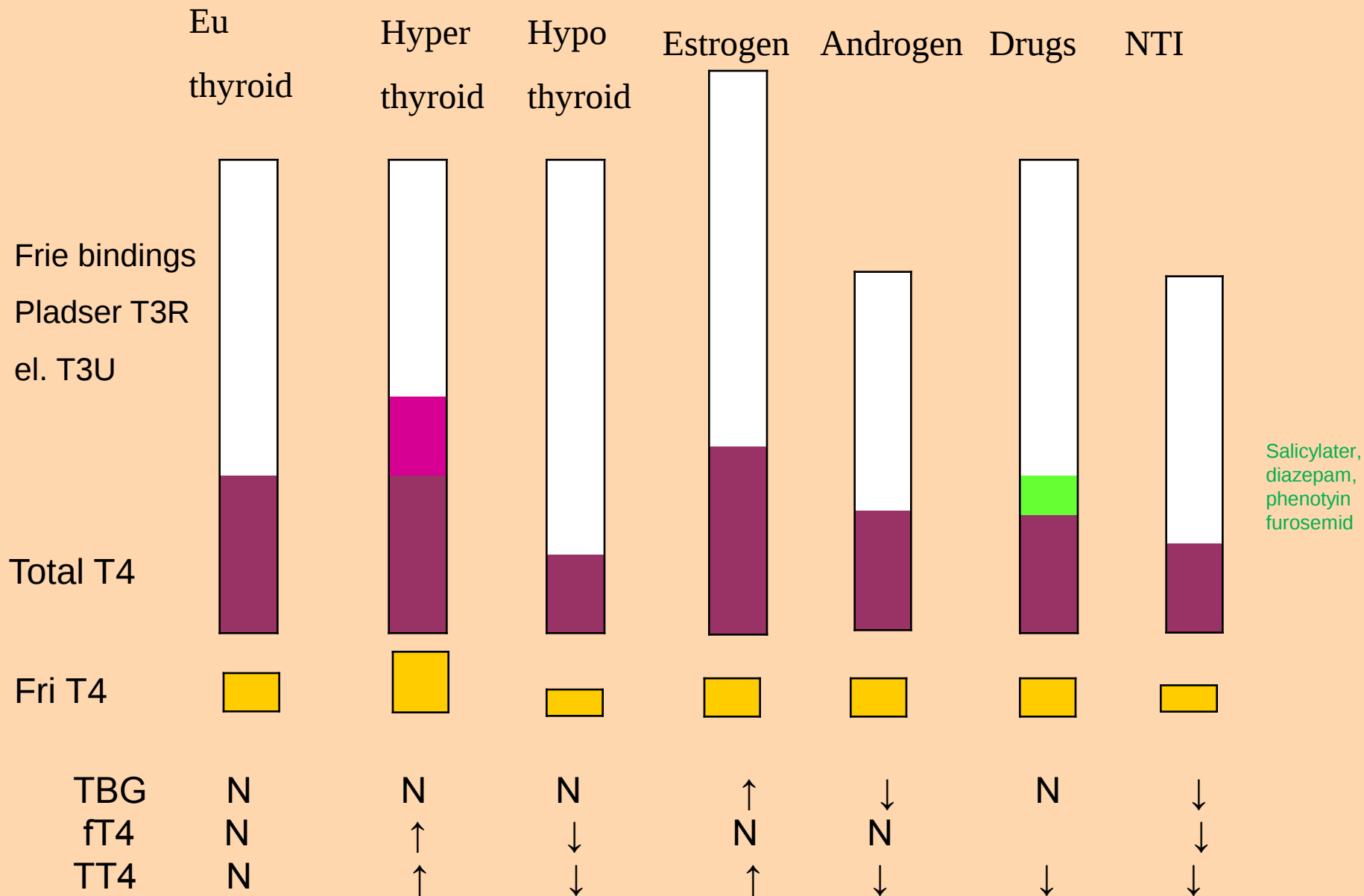


Euthyroid



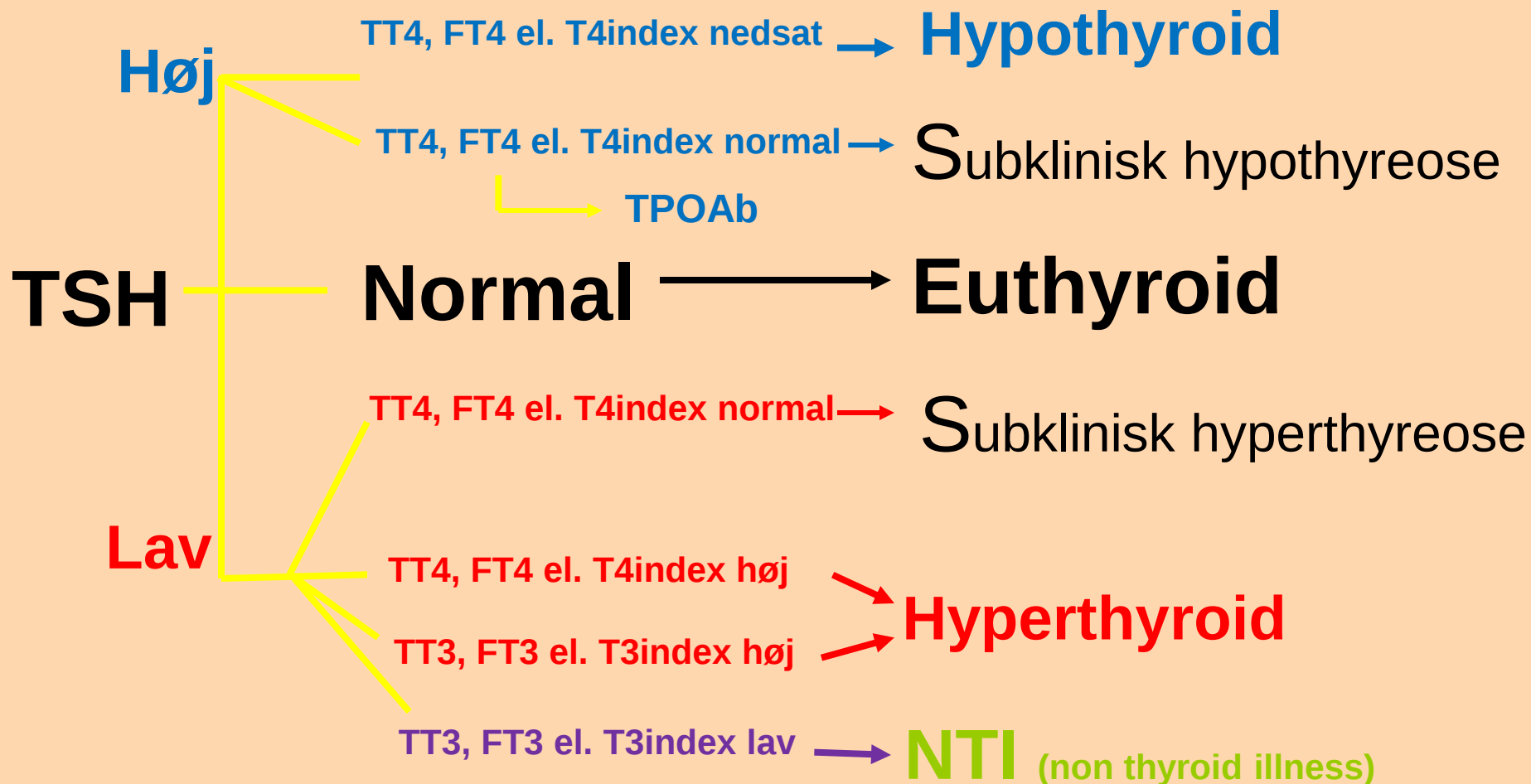
Hyperthyroid

TBG, TT4, fT4, T3R



Biokemisk thyroidea diagnostik

algoritme RegionHovedstaden



45 year old woman seen in General Practice



- Tired
- No medication except estrogen
- Nervous, irritable
- Concentration problems
- Weight loss 5 kg in 3 months
- Sinus tachcardia (120 hbm)
- Sweating
- Considerable eye symptoms



Is thyroid function testing recommended?

Biokemisk thyroidea diagnostik

algoritme RegionHovedstaden

TSH

Lav

TT4, FT4 el. T4index høj

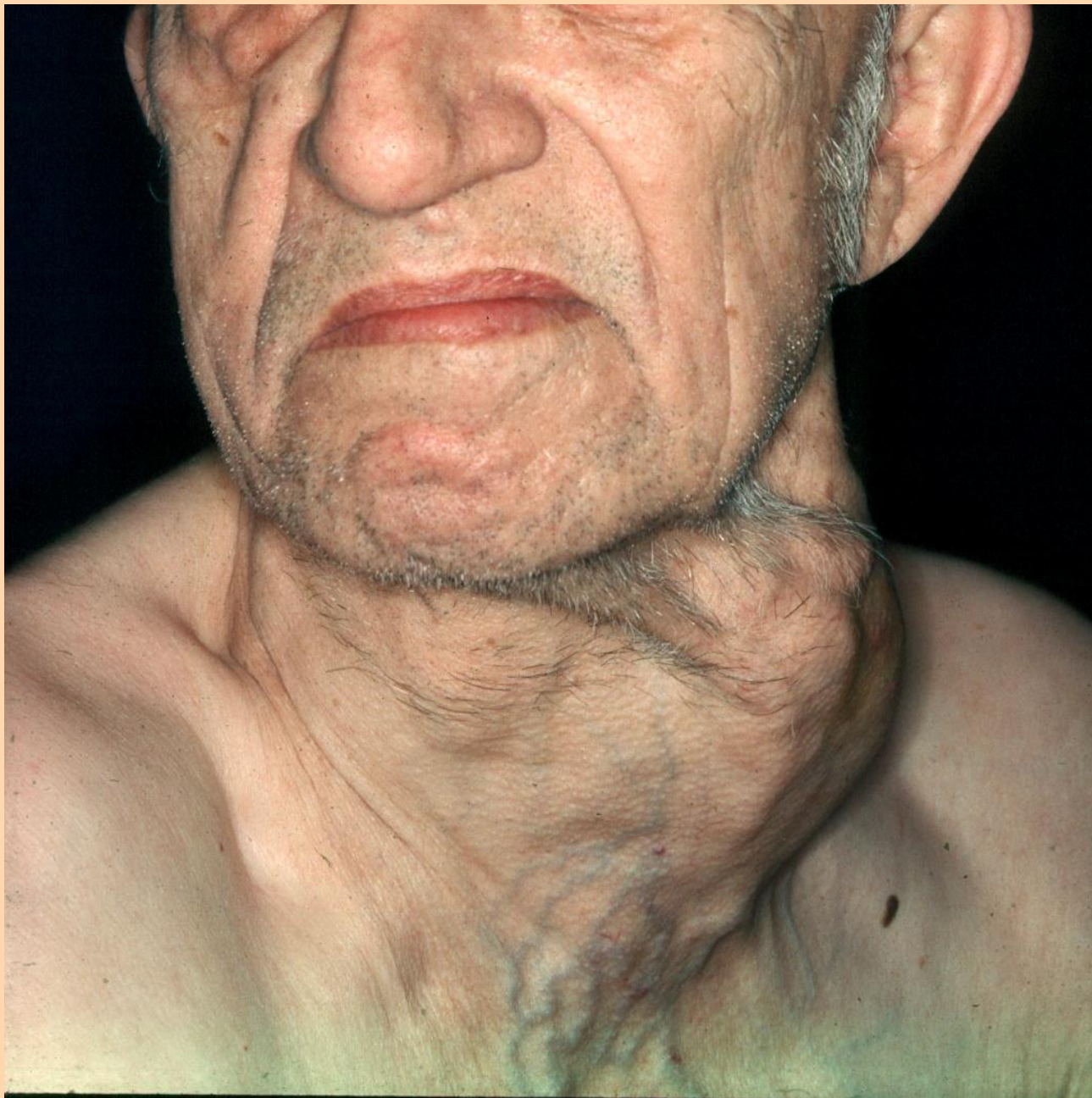
TT3, FT3 el. T3index høj

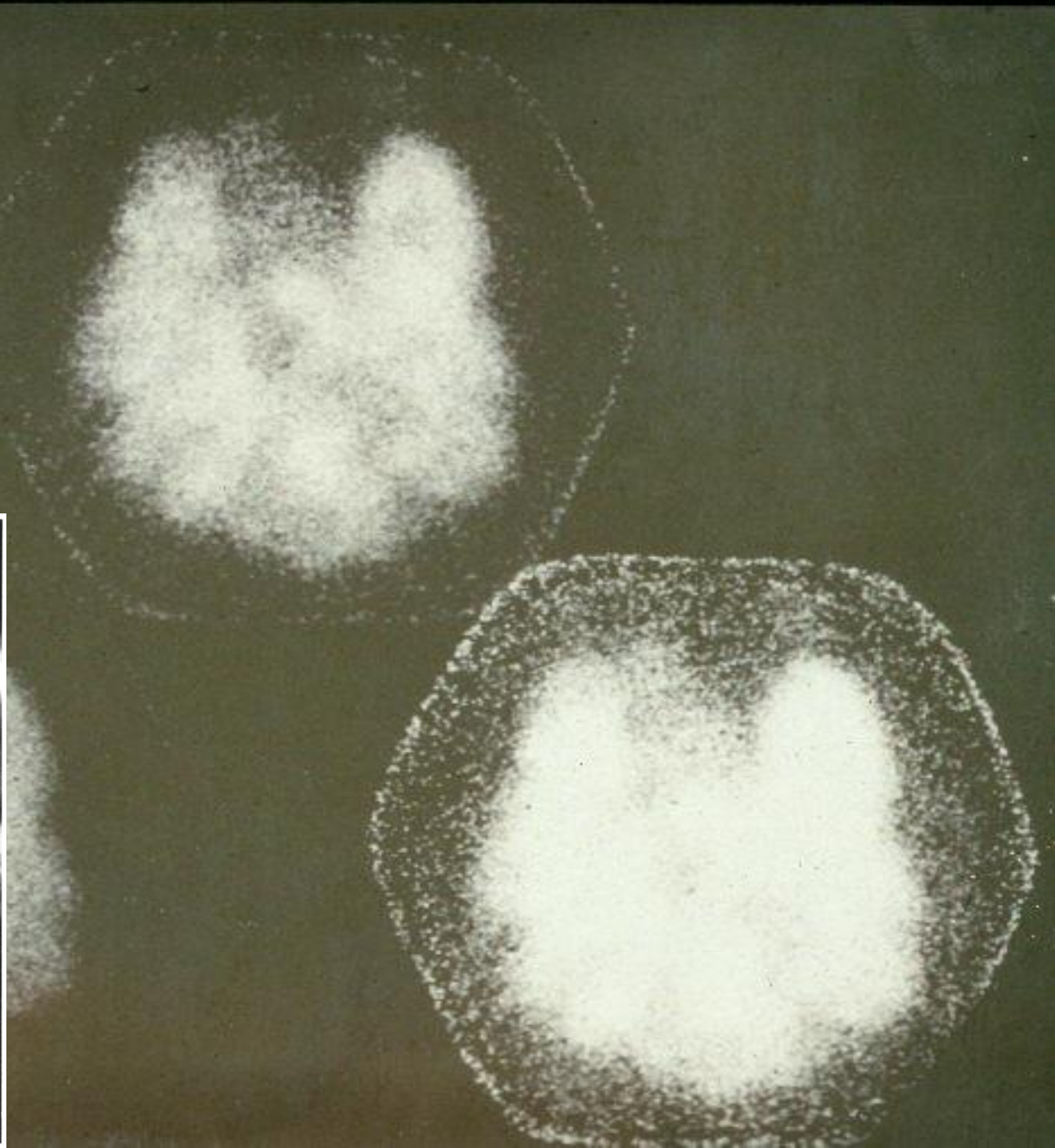
Hyperthyroid

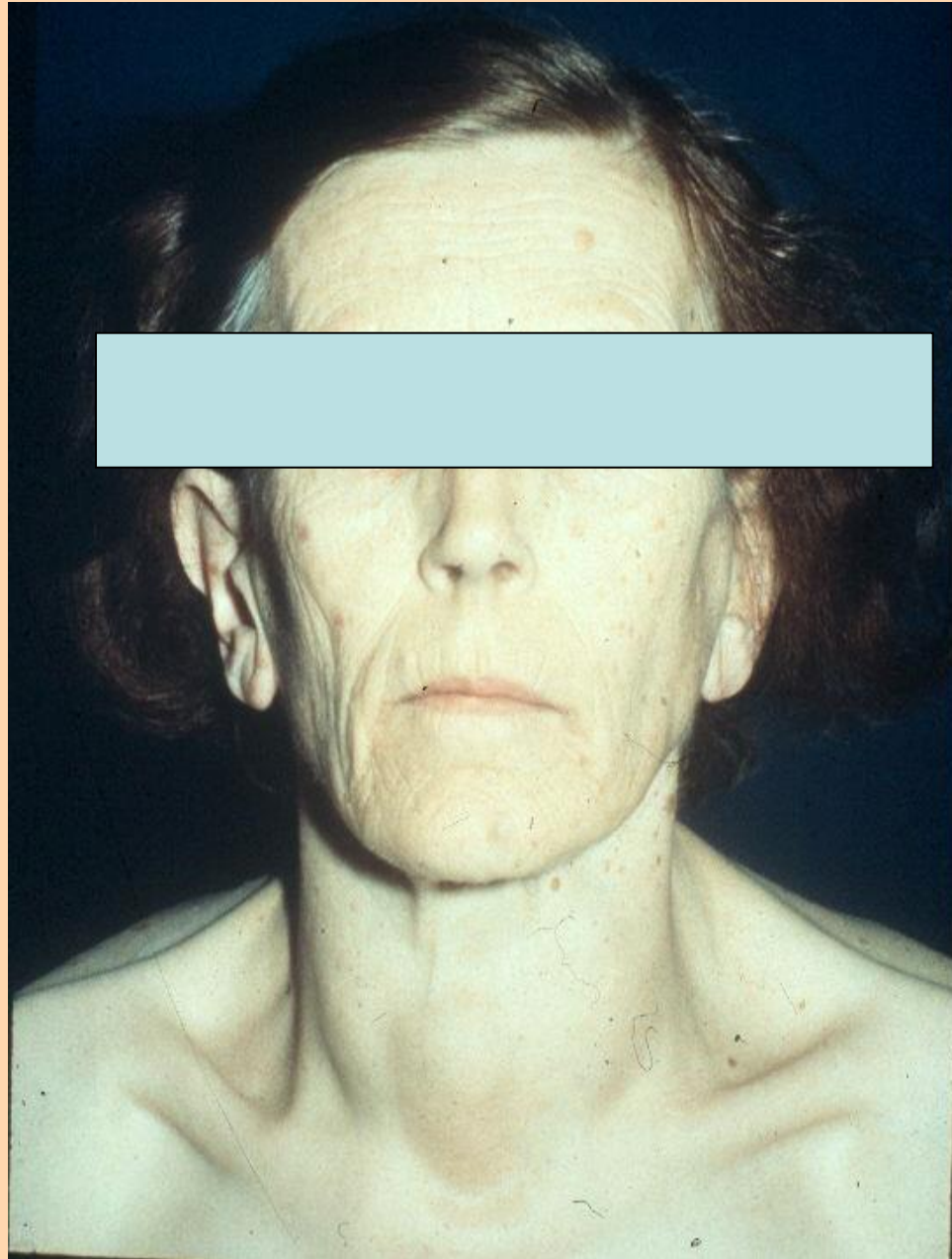
< 0,01 mIU/l

Scintigraphic investigation diffuse toxic







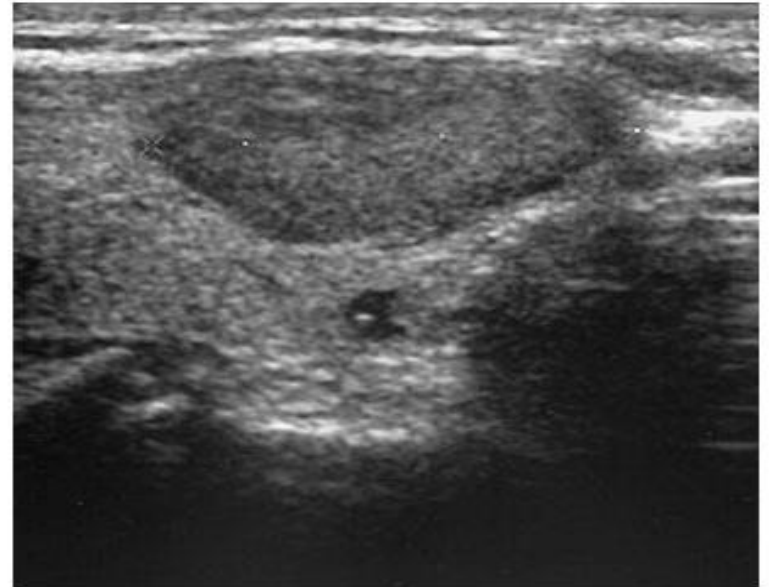


Adenom scientigrafi



OUH

Knude i højre thyreoidealap Ultralyd



Åse Krogh, RH

Hypertyreose

- 40% Diffus toksisk struma (Graves sygdom)
- 45% Multinodøs toksisk struma
- 10 % Toksisk adenom
- Thyreoiditis

Husk, etiologien til thyrotoxicose kan være øget sekretion, destruktion af kirtel eller indtagelse af thyroideahormon (Thyrotoxicosis factitia)

Hypertyreose, ætiologi

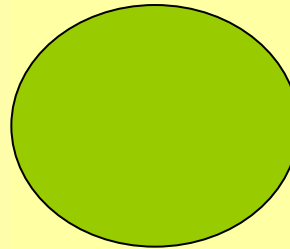
- Diffus toksisk struma autoimmun
- Multinodøs toksisk struma ukendt
- Toksisk adenom ukendt
- Thyreoiditis autoimmun

**Thyrotropin
Receptor
Anti
body**

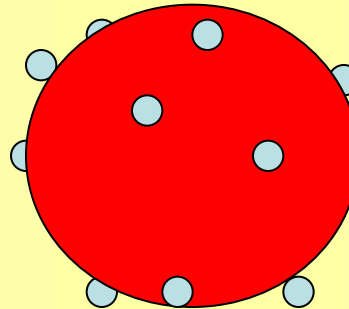
Hypothalamus
(TRH)



Anterior
Pituitary
(TSH)



Thyroid
Gland
(T3 and T4)



What is
TRAb?

**Stimulating
TRAb**

Anvendelse af TRAb

Anbefalinger fra National Academy of Clinical Biochemistry (NACB):

1) Diagnostisk

- Graves' sygdom eller Multinodøs toksisk struma?
- Graves' sygdom eller subakut /post partum thyreoiditis
- [Etiologi ved hypothyroidism]*

2) Monitorering af behandling ved Graves' sygdom

3) 'Screening' i graviditet

- TRAb passerer placenta. Kan forårsage fetal eller neonatal dysfunktion.

Kontrol hyperthyreose

web-req RegionHovedstaden

AHH	TSH, FT4, FT3
BBH/FB	TSH, TT4, TT3
Gentofte	TSH, FT4, TT3
Herlev	TSH, TT4 eller FT4, TT3
NOH	TSH, T4indeks (TT4 x TUP) T3indeks (TT3 x TUP)

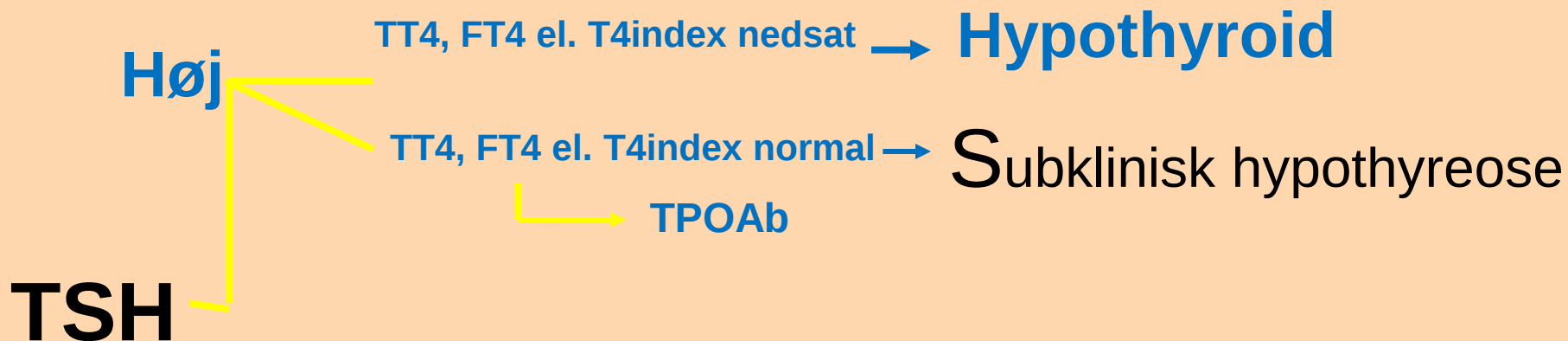
70 year old woman seen in General Practice

- Tired**
- Trouble concentrating**
- Cold intolerance**
- Thin hair**
- Dry skin**
- Weight increase**
- Constipation**
- Loss of appetite**
- Sinus bradycardia**

Is a serum TSH determination warranted?

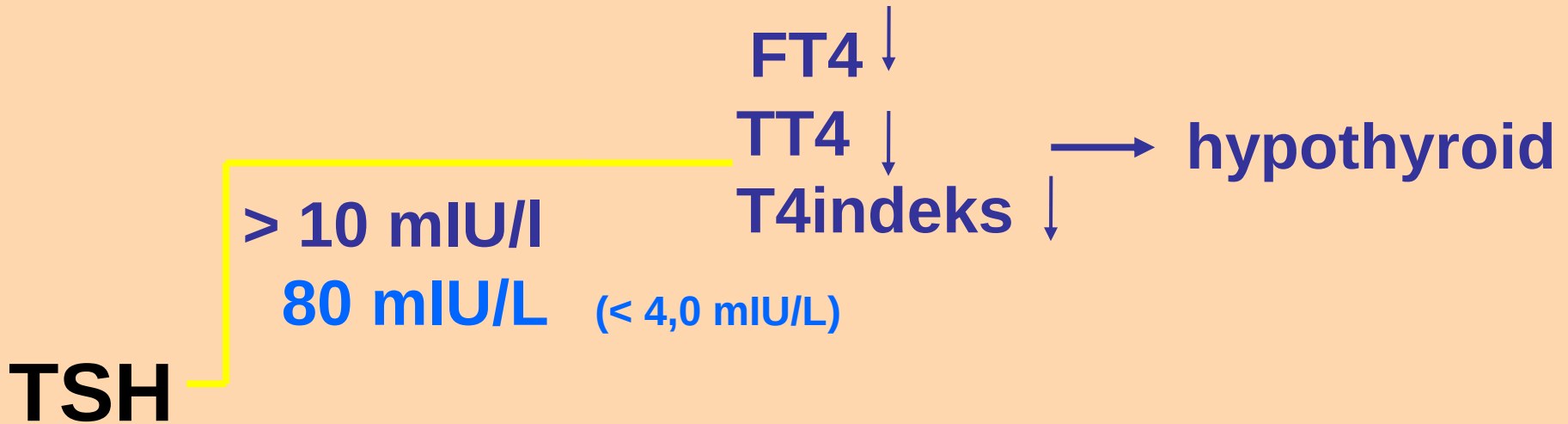
Biokemisk thyroidea diagnostik

RegionHovedstaden



Biokemisk thyroidea diagnostik

RegionHovedstaden



FT4: 5 pmol/L (10-22 pmol/L)

TT4: 35 nmol/L (67-134 nmol/L)

T3R: 0,30 (0,58-1,44)

Er behandling indiceret?

JA

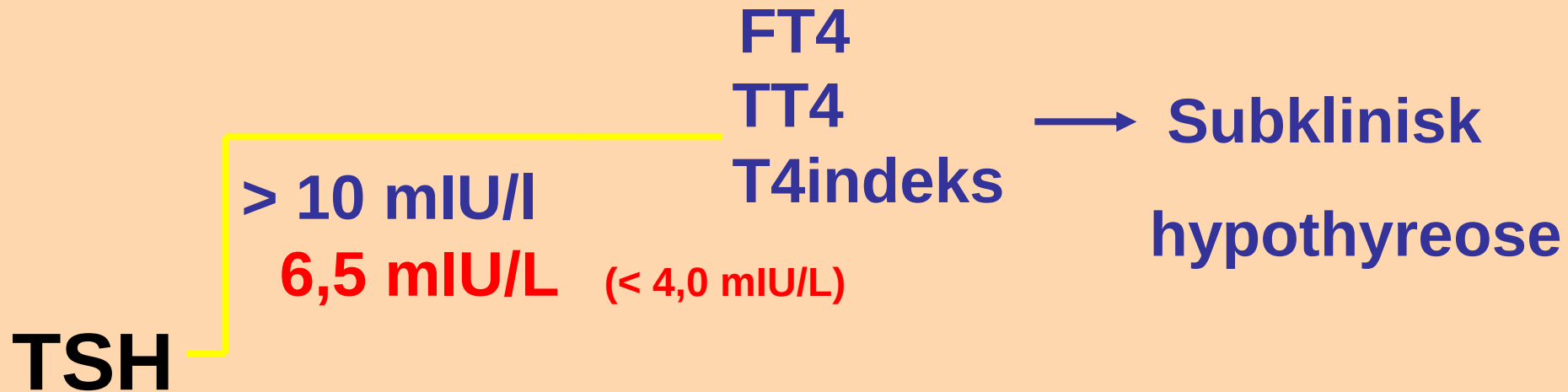
Woman to GP:



- Tired
- Trouble concentrating
- Cold intolerance
- Thin hair
- Dry skin
- Weight increase
- Constipation
- Loss of appetite
- Sinus bradycardia

Biokemisk thyroidea diagnostik

RegionHovedstaden



FT4: 12 pmol/L (10-22 pmol/L)

TT4: 80 nmol/L (67-134 nmol/L)

T3R: 0,70 (0,58-1,44)

Er behandling indiceret?

?

Sampling time

Van Coevorden, 1989,

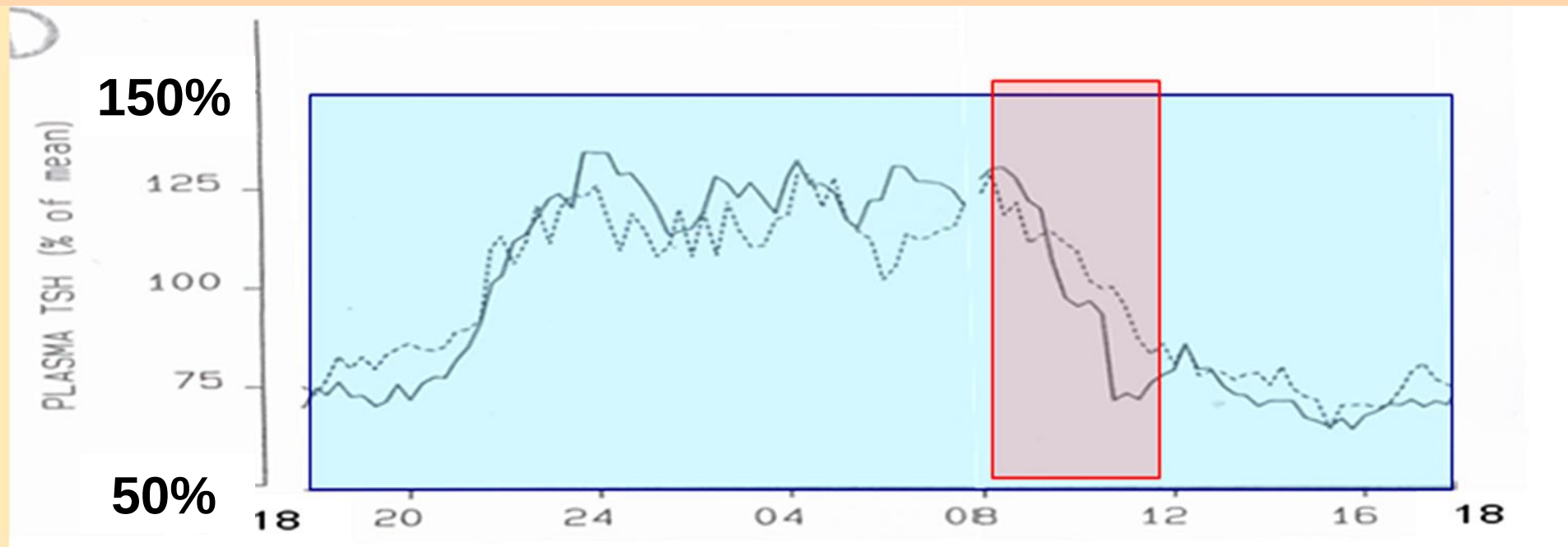
RIA, TSH detection limit 0,15 mU/L

8 M (20-27 years), 3 nights in sleep laboratory before test (——)

8 M (67-84 years), 5 nights in sleep laboratory before test (. . . .)

Polygraphical sleep registration

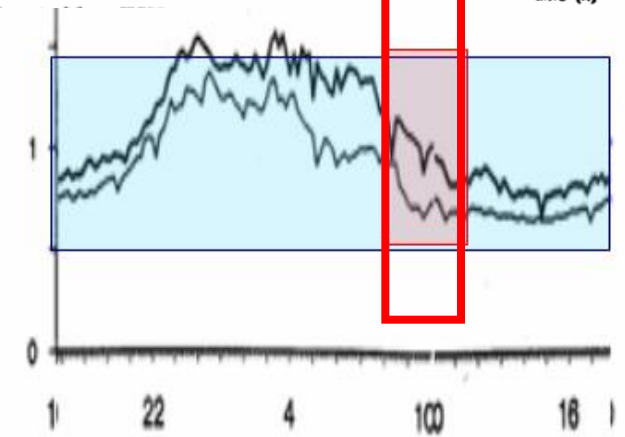
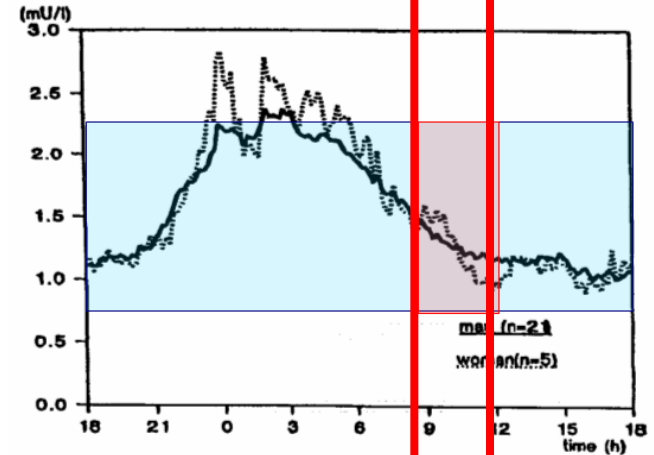
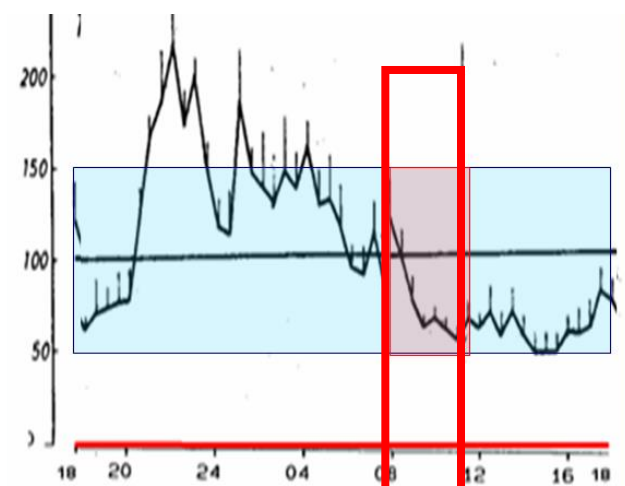
Blood Sampling every 15 minutes in room next door



Weeke, 1978,
 RIA, TSH detection limit 0,20 mU/L
 5 M (22-34 years),
 In bed 23.00-06.30, no sleep registration
 Blood Sampling every 30 minutes

Brabant, 1990
 Henning IRMA, TSH detection limit ? mU/L
 21 M (——)
 5 F (.....)
 Staying in bed 24 hours
 Sleep allowed 23.00-07.00. No sleep registration
 Blood Sampling every 10 minutes

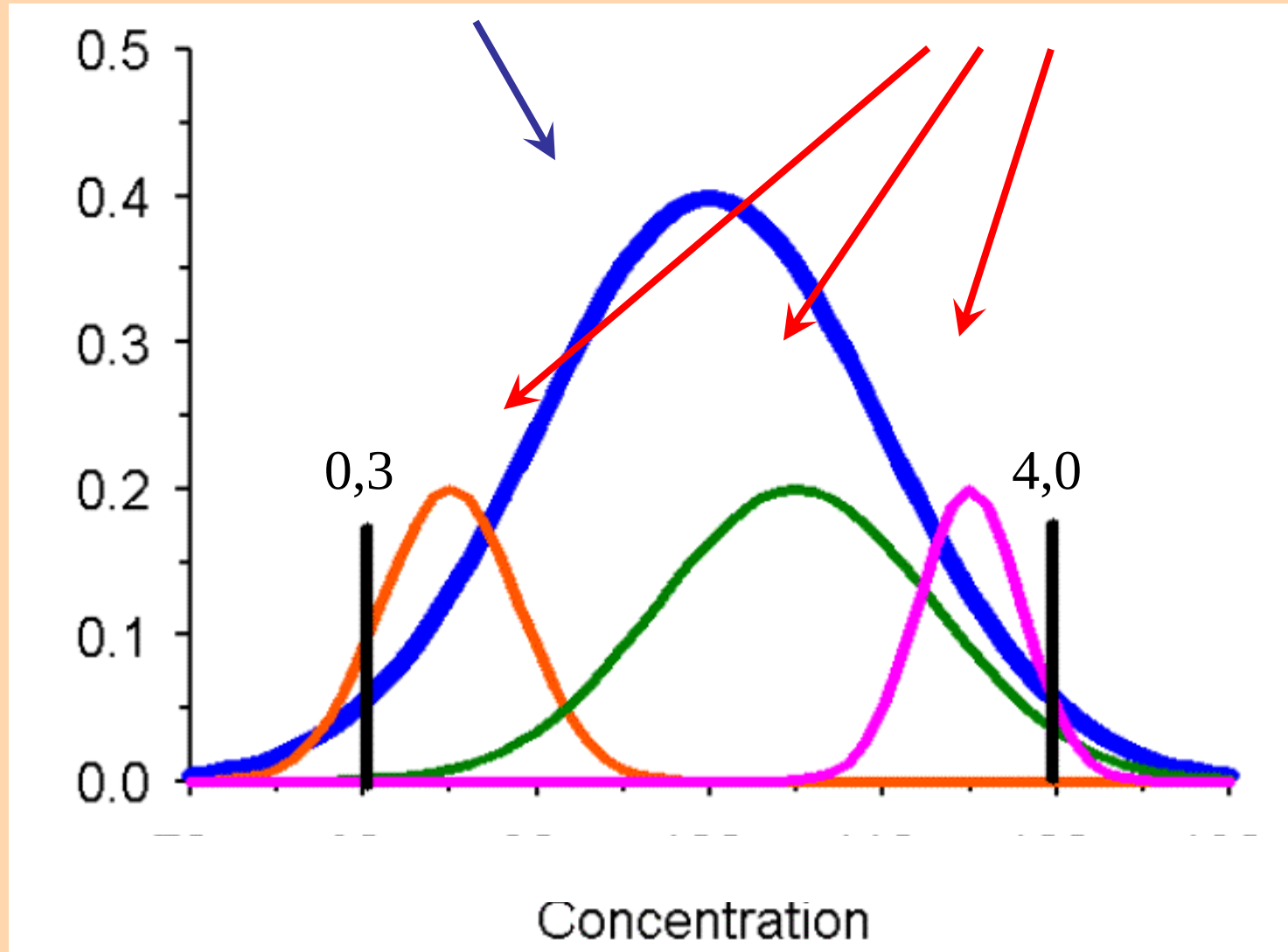
Weber, 1991
 Henning IRMA, TSH detection limit ? mU/L
 6 M + 5 F control (——)
 11 non-toxic goitre (-----)
 No sleep registration
 Blood Sampling every 10 minutes



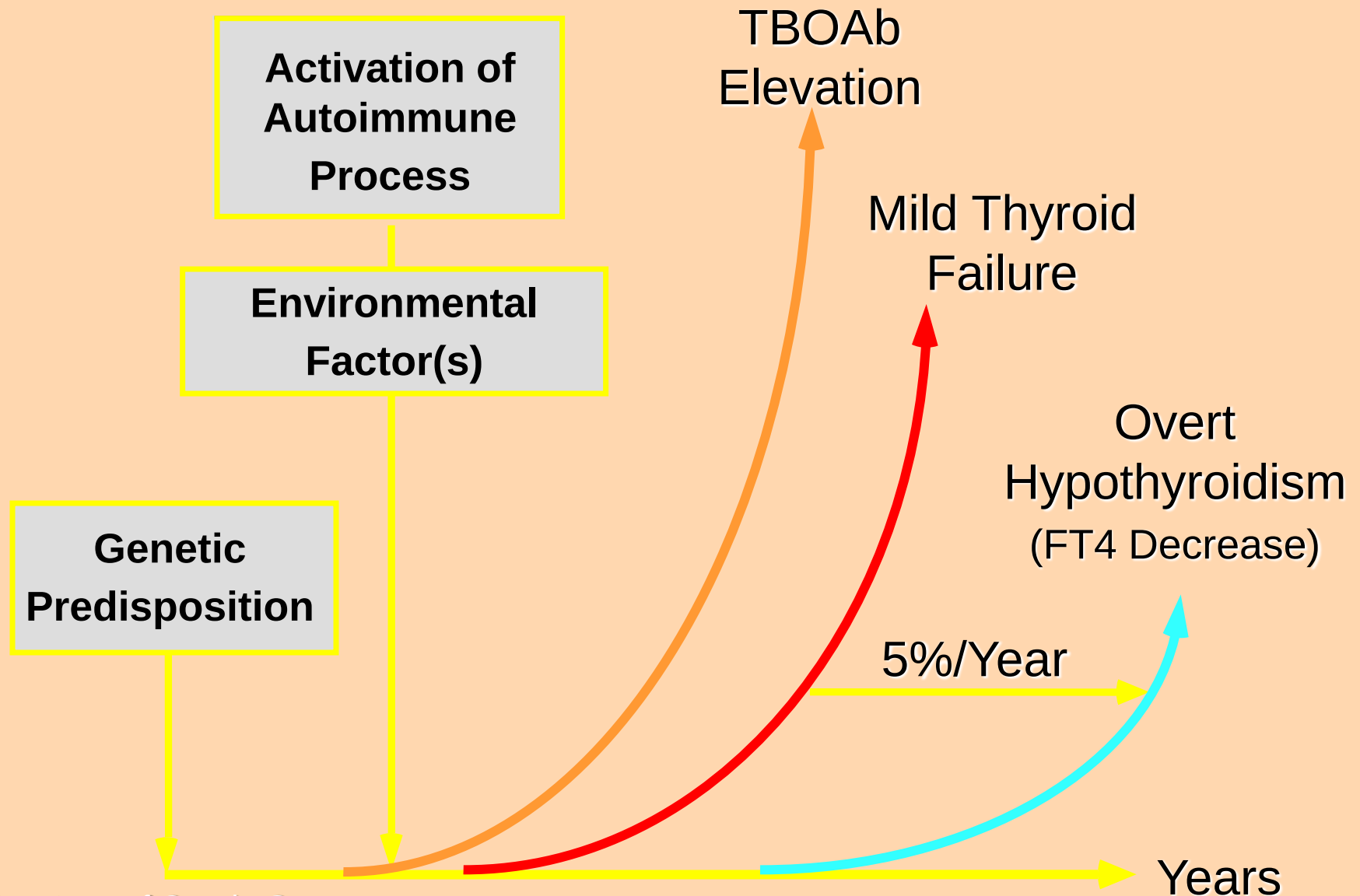
TSH and biological variation

Population

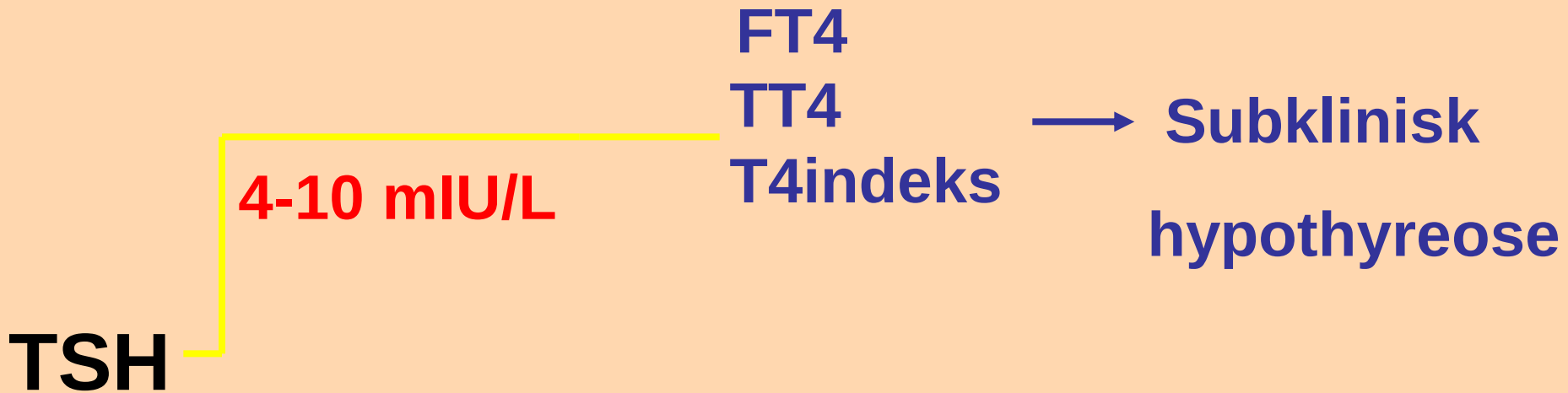
Within-subject



Developing Autoimmune Thyroid Dysfunction



Behandling?

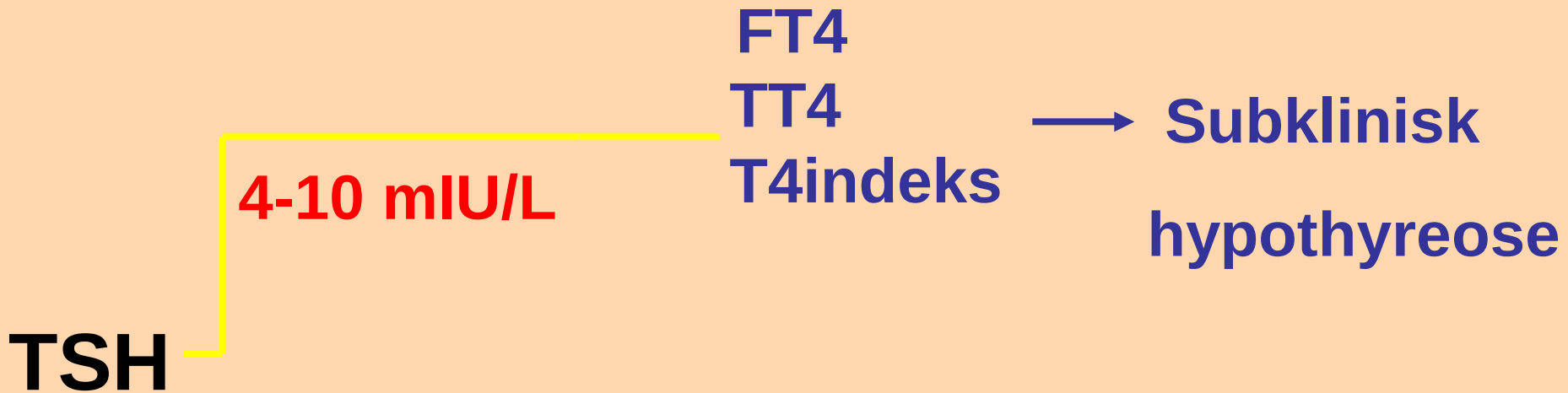


Thyroidea Peroxidase Antibody (TPOAb) **nej**
eller
Thyroglobulin Antibody (TgAb) **nej**

Er behandling indiceret?

Nej

Behandling?



Thyroidea Peroxidase Antibody (TPOAb) **ja**
eller

Thyroglobulin Antibody (TgAb) **ja**

Er behandling indiceret?



Case # : 35 year old woman

History: Inability to become pregnant. Clinically euthyroid. No medication

Thyroid peroxidase antibodies (TPOAb)	230 (<10 kIU/L)
---------------------------------------	-----------------

Thyroglobulin antibodies (TgAb)	95 (<20 kIU/L)
---------------------------------	----------------

All other thyroid parameters normal

Is this patient free of disease?

	Men		Women		in total
Age	< 40yr	≥ 40yr	< 40yr	≥ 40yr	
Healthy individuals	315	212	299	161	987
Only medication	19	27	27	17	90
Only Familiy history	18	24	39	24	105
Only one Thyroid antibody					
TPOab	20	13	24	19	76
Tgab	5	7	16	10	38
TRab	4	4	3	4	15
Two autoantibodies					
TPOab and Tgab	9	9	24	28	70
TRab and TPOab or Tgab	2	1	1	1	5
Three autoantibodies					
TRab and TPOab and Tgab	3	1	4	4	12
Two or more risk factors					
One antibody and family history	2	4	6	6	18
Two antibodies and family history	0	1	4	9	14
Three antibodies and family history	0	0	0	2	2
Analysis not complete	3	3	1	2	9
	400	306	448	287	1441

TPOAb

33/397

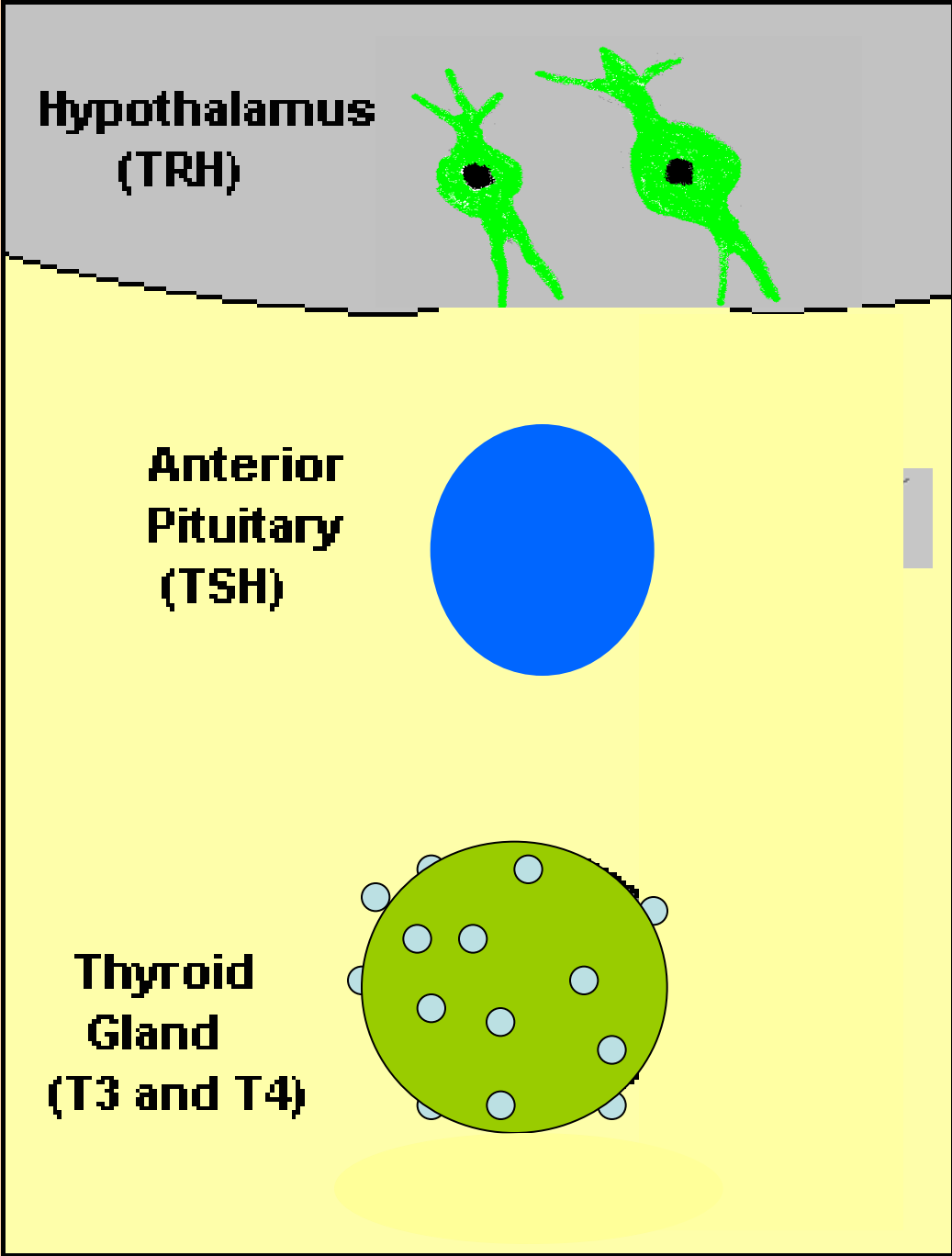
24/303

52/447

53/285

162/1432

**Thyreotropin
Receptor
Anti
body**



Hvad er TRAb?

Hæmmende TRAb

Kontrol hypothyreose

algoritme RegionHovedstaden

AHH	TSH, FT4
BBH/FB	TSH, TT4
Gentofte	TSH, FT4
Herlev	TSH, TT4 eller FT4
NOH	TSH, T4 indeks (TT4 x TUP)

Thyreoidea artikler

- Jensen E, Petersen PH, Blaabjerg O, Hansen PS, Brix TH, Kyvik KO, Hegedüs L. Establishment of a serum TSH reference interval in healthy adults. The importance of environmental factors, including thyroid antibodies. *Clin Chem Lab Med* 2004; 42:824-832
- Petersen PH, Blaabjerg O, Andersen M, Jørgensen LGM, Schousboe K, Jensen E. Graphical Interpretation of Confidence Curves in Rankit Plots. *Clin Chem Lab Med* 2004; 42:715-724
- Jensen E, Petersen PH, Blaabjerg O, Hansen PS, Hegedüs L. Improved sensitivity of a **thyreotropin receptor antibody method**. *Clin Chem*. 2005;51, 2186-2187
- Jensen EA, Petersen PH, Blaabjerg O, Hansen PS, Brix TH, Hegedüs L. Establishment of reference distributions and decision values for thyroid antibodies against thyroid peroxidase (TPOAb), thyroglobulin (TgAb) and the **thyreotropin receptor (TRAb)**. *Clin Chem Lab Med* 2006; 44:991-998
- Jensen E, Blaabjerg O, Petersen PH, Hegedüs L. Sampling time is important but may be overlooked in establishment and use of thyroid-stimulating hormone reference intervals. *Clin Chem*. 2007;53, 355-356
- Jensen E, Petersen PH, Blaabjerg O, Hegedüs L. Biological variation of thyroid autoantibodies and thyroglobulin. *Clin Chem Lab Med* 2007; 45: 1058-1064
- Hytøft Petersen P, Jensen EA, Brandslund I. Analytical performance, reference values and decision limits. A need to differentiate between reference intervals and decision limits and to define analytical quality specifications *CCLM* 2012;50;(5)819-31.